

Australia, Brazil, China join forces to advance research in science

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The collaboration for new advancements in Science, Technology and Innovation will support Brazilian researchers in collaborating with Australian partners and support institution-to-institution and researcher-to-researcher links



In a bid to advance research and tackle rising diseases in an ageing society, Australian government has announced collaboration with Brazil and China on science, technology and innovation. The country also plans to work with Hong Kong on using robotics and artificial intelligence (AI) to speed up drug discovery process. . The collaboration for new advancements in Science, Technology and Innovation will support Brazilian researchers in collaborating with Australian partners and support institution-to-institution and researcher-to-researcher links.

The agreement between Australia and Brazil, promoting science innovation and research efforts between the two countries was inked by the Australian minister for industry, innovation and science, Arthur Sinodinos AO and Brazil's ambassador to Australia, his excellency Manuel Innocencio de Lacerda Santos Jr.

Australia and Brazil have a long history of collaborating on scientific projects in areas including physical and biological sciences, clinical medicine and astronomy. In 2016 the Australian Government provided more than \$17 million in funding support for collaborative projects with Brazilian research partners through the Australian Research Council and the National Health and Medical Research Council. Collaboration with Brazil is also supported under the National Innovation and Science Agenda's Global Innovation Strategy.

In another development, during his recent visit to Sydney, Australia, Nicolas Yang secretary for innovation and technology of China's Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (SAR), has emphasized on AI and robotics in medicine research. 'we will have to think about smarter ways of using robotics and artificial intelligence (AI)' to tackle an ageing society, said Yang as quoted by Xinhua news agency. Yang added that the ageing population issue cannot be avoided, and that the whole world would need to consider its impact.

Nicolas Yang and Arthur Sinodinos said they would identify opportunities where the two economies can cooperate.

Yang said Hong Kong faces big challenges in terms of an aging society. "Because the birth rate can not keep up, then we will

have to think about smarter ways of using robotics and artificial intelligence,” he said to Xinhua. “In terms of keeping people ageing healthily, then we have to think in terms of biotechnology and biomedicine.”

Yang believes these challenges can be overcome with collaboration and cooperation in new technology development. “Australia really has a strength in biomedicine and... strong regulatory setups,” he commented. “Hong Kong also has a strength in biomedical research. We have a bunch of biomedical and biotech entrepreneurs. So I believe this is an area where we can collaborate together and build something that is meaningful for both regions.”