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Dicerna's hyperoxaluria treatment gets orphan status from FDA

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The FDA granted the status to Dicerna's synthetic double-stranded RNA oligonucleotide conjugated to N-acetyl-D-galactosamine aminosugar residues.



Singapore- Dicerna Pharmaceutical's drug recently received an orphan drug status designation for its treatment for primary hyperoxaluria.

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Dicerna is working to improve the lives of people suffering from diseases involving the liver, including rare diseases, viral infectious diseases, chronic liver diseases, and cardiovascular diseases. Its proprietary, next-generation technology, known as RNA interference or RNAi, uses the body's natural biological pathways to silence genes in the liver with a high degree of selectivity and specificity.